

## 1. Acceptable USP Test Methods & Specifications for Nitrous Oxide

USP Test		Method	Specification
Identification	Α	Pressure Differential (V)	Within 50 psi of N₂O Control
	В	CO <sub>2</sub> Detector Tube (V) Draeger Tube 8101811 See N2O 100 a14	Passes with no color change observed (distinction from carbon dioxide)
	С	Chemical absorption using pyrogallol (V)*	The gas is not absorbed, and the solution does not become brown
Assay (Purity) > 99.0%	Gas Chromatograph (L)		Not more than 1.0% of air is present, determined as directed in the N2O 100 a12 <i>Assay</i> .
	Pressure Differential (V)		Per N2O 100 a13 Nitrous Oxide Pressure Difference Chart

<sup>\*</sup> The pyrogallol test is dangerous and not required for cylinder fill plants who buy from certified N<sub>2</sub>O producers and who do not use their oxygen fill system for filling nitrous oxide.

Contaminant Tests	Method	Specification
Water (V)	Draeger Tube 6728531 with 2 lpm flowmeter for 25 minutes	≤ 150 mg/cubic meter
Ammonia (V)	Draeger Tube CH 20501	≤ 25 ppm
Nitric Oxide (V)	Draeger Tube CH 29401 or 8103661	≤ 1 ppm
Carbon Monoxide (V)	Draeger Tube CH 25601 or 6733051	≤ 10 ppm
Nitrogen Dioxide (L)	Draeger Tube CH 29401 or 8103661	≤ 1 ppm
Halogens (V)	Draeger Tube CH 24301	≤ 1 ppm
Carbon Dioxide (V)	Draeger Tube 8101811	≤ 300 ppm
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The tests are to be completed in the order listed above and per the phase (V = vapor and L = liquid) See N2O 100 a14 for sample phase guidance for bulk storage and transportation containers.